

Domain Adaptation with Asymmetrically Relaxed Distribution Alignment

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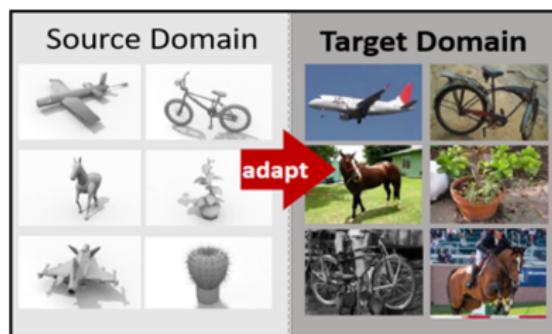
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Background - Unsupervised Domain Adaptation

Unsupervised Domain Adaptation:

- Labeled data from **source** domain: $\{(x_i, y_i)\}_{i=1,\dots,n} \sim p_S \cdot p_{y|x}$.
- Unlabeled data from **target** domain: $\{x_i\}_{i=1,\dots,m} \sim p_T$
- **Goal:** learn a good **target** domain classifier $\hat{y}_x = \operatorname{argmax}_y p_{y|x}(y|x)$ for $x \sim p_T$.



Background - Domain Adversarial Training

Domain Adversarial Training (Ganin et al., 2016):

- Learn a predictor $\hat{y}_x = h(\phi(x))$ by optimizing:

$$\min_{\phi, h} \mathcal{E}_S(\phi, h) + \lambda D(p_S^\phi, p_T^\phi) + \Omega(\phi, h).$$

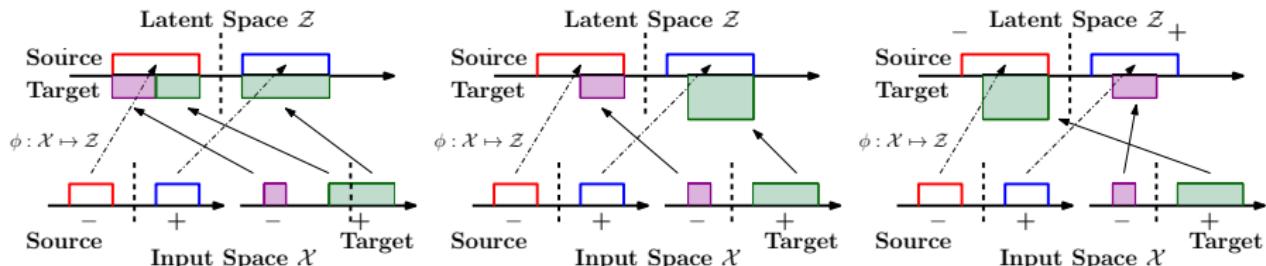
source domain prediction error

distance between feature distributions in the latent space

Contribution

Problems with domain adversarial training:

- Fails under **label distribution shift**.
 - We propose to use relaxed distribution alignment.
- Not clear how to prevent **cross-label matching**.
 - We drive a general error bound which explains under what assumptions this **CANNOT** happen.



Relaxed Distances between Distributions

Our approach: replace the standard distance between distributions with a **relaxed** distance:

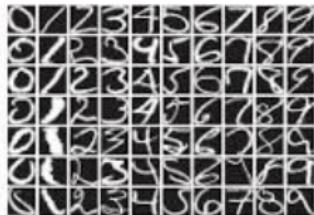
$$\min_{\phi, h} \mathcal{E}_S(\phi, h) + \lambda D_\beta(p_S^\phi, p_T^\phi) + \Omega(\phi, h).$$

- Relaxed Jensen-Shannon Divergence:

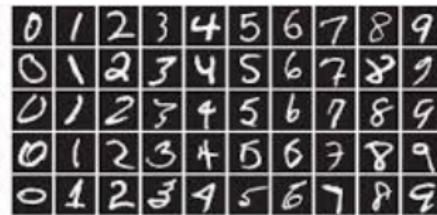
$$D_{\bar{f}_\beta}(p, q) = \sup_{g: \mathcal{Z} \mapsto (0,1]} \mathbb{E}_{z \sim q} \left[\log \frac{g(z)}{2 + \beta} \right] + \mathbb{E}_{z \sim p} \left[\log \left(1 - \frac{g(z)}{2 + \beta} \right) \right].$$

- Relaxation for any f -divergence, Wasserstein distance, etc.

Experiments - Handwritten Digits



(a) USPS



(b) MNIST

target labels	[0-4] Shift	[5-9] Shift	[0-9] No-Shift	target labels	[0-4] Shift	[5-9] Shift	[0-9] No-Shift
Source	74.3±1.0	59.5±3.0	66.7±2.1	Source	69.4±2.3	30.3±2.8	49.4±2.1
DANN	50.0±1.9	28.2±2.8	78.5±1.6	DANN	57.6±1.1	37.1±3.5	81.9±6.7
fDANN-1	71.6±4.0	67.5±2.3	73.7±1.5	fDANN-1	80.4±2.0	40.1±3.2	75.4±4.5
fDANN-2	74.3±2.5	61.9±2.9	72.6±0.9	fDANN-2	86.6±4.9	41.7±6.6	70.0±3.3
fDANN-4	75.9±1.6	64.4±3.6	72.3±1.2	fDANN-4	77.6±6.8	34.7±7.1	58.5±2.2
sDANN-1	71.6±3.7	49.1±6.3	81.0±1.3	sDANN-1	68.2±2.7	45.4±7.1	78.8±5.3
sDANN-2	76.4±3.1	48.7±9.0	81.7±1.4	sDANN-2	78.6±3.6	36.1±5.2	77.4±5.7
sDANN-4	81.0±1.6	60.8±7.5	82.0±0.4	sDANN-4	83.5±2.7	41.1±6.6	75.6±6.9

Table: MNIST → USPS

Table: USPS → MNIST

Thank You

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References

Ganin, Yaroslav, Ustinova, Evgeniya, Ajakan, Hana, Germain, Pascal, Larochelle, Hugo, Laviolette, François, Marchand, Mario, and Lempitsky, Victor. Domain-adversarial training of neural networks. *The Journal of Machine Learning Research*, 17(1):2096–2030, 2016.