

Improving Model Selection by Employing the Test Data

Max Westphal, Werner Brannath

University of Bremen, Germany Institute for Statistics Research Training Group π^3

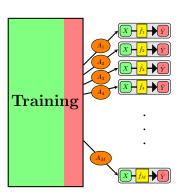
mwestphal@uni-bremen.de https://github.com/maxwestphal/

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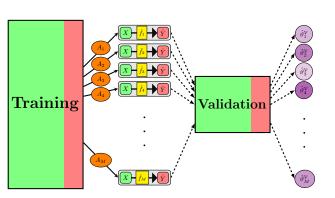








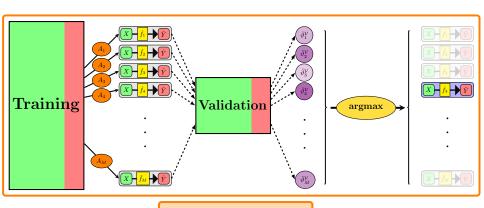












Learning







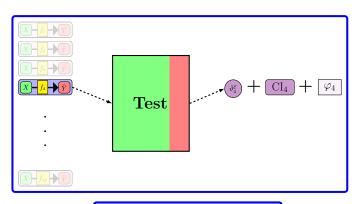
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- Example: disease diagnosis / prognosis based on clinical data
- Usually recommended strategy:

Evaluate a single final model on independent test data.









Evaluation







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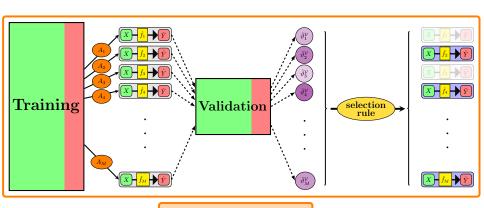
- Easy-to-use strategy, allowing for a reliable performance assessment and simple inference.
- However, we have no way to fix a bad model selection after having observed the test data.





Simultaneous Model Evaluation





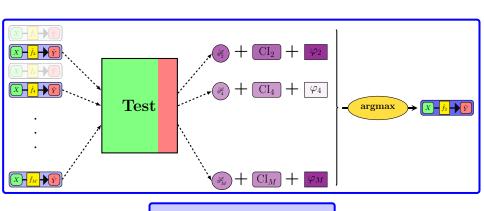
Learning





Simultaneous Model Evaluation





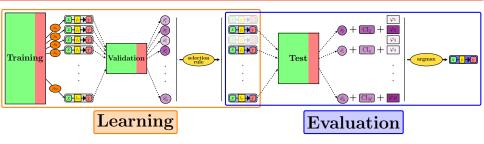
Evaluation





Simulation study



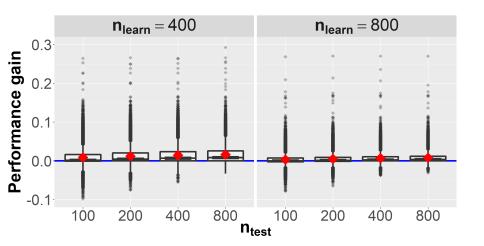


- Idea: simulate data and train, select and evaluate binary classifiers in different scenarios
 - 24 artificial classification tasks
 - 72,000 replications of complete ML pipeline
 - 28,800,000 distinct models (EN, CART, SVM, XGB)
- Goal: comparison of different evaluation strategies
 - default: best validation model only
 - within 1 SE: all models within 1 SE of best validation model

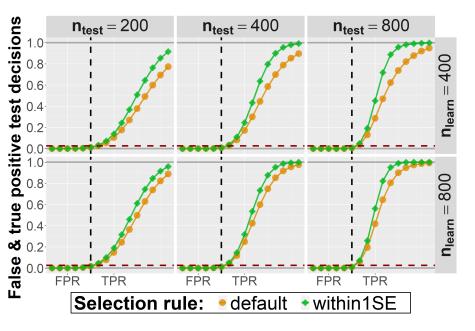




Simulation Results



Simulation Results





When in doubt, delay the final model choice to the test data.

- Improvements in model performance and probability to correctly identify a good model in all investigated scenarios.
- Adjustment for multiple comparisons via approximate parametric procedure taking into account model similarity (maxT-approach).

Questions & feedback welcomed!

- mwestphal@uni-bremen.de
- https://github.com/maxwestphal/

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